



Welcome to our 2022 Intro to River Safety and Rescue



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- QUESTIONS: We'll stop at designated points and at the end to cover questions. You can use the Chat box or we'll take questions verbally.
- <u>MUTE:</u> Please mute yourselves except when asking questions.
- We are not endorsing particular brands of gear. We may share experience with gear or clothing that we have used. Brands shown here are examples only.





SAFETY Agenda

- 1. Definitions
- 2. Getting to the water safely
- 3. Choosing the waterway
- 4. Seeking information
- 5. Selecting the right gear
- 6. Paddling partners

- 6. River signals
- 7. Scouting







RESCUE Agenda

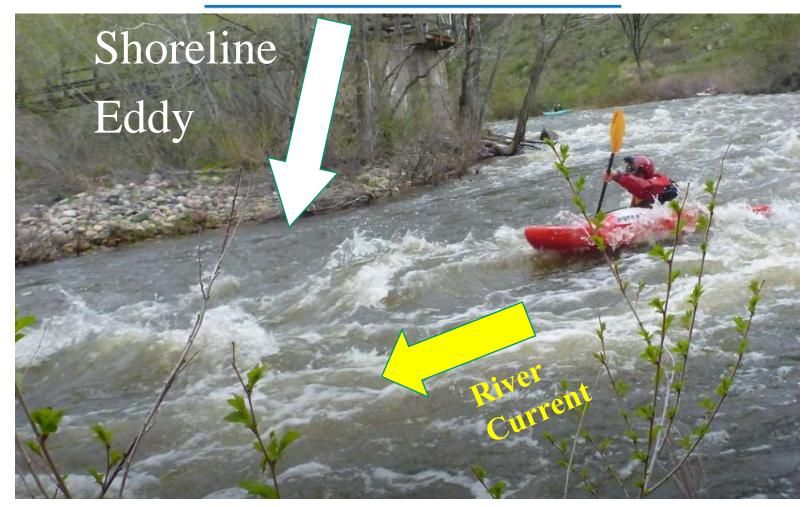
• Self-Rescue • Assisted Rescue







Definitions

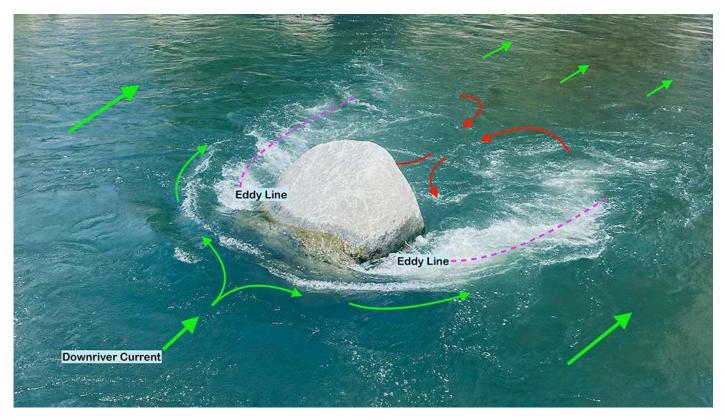






Definitions

Mid-River Eddy







Definitions

Strainer

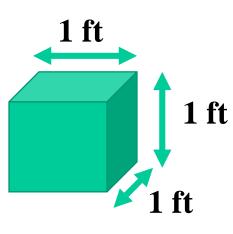


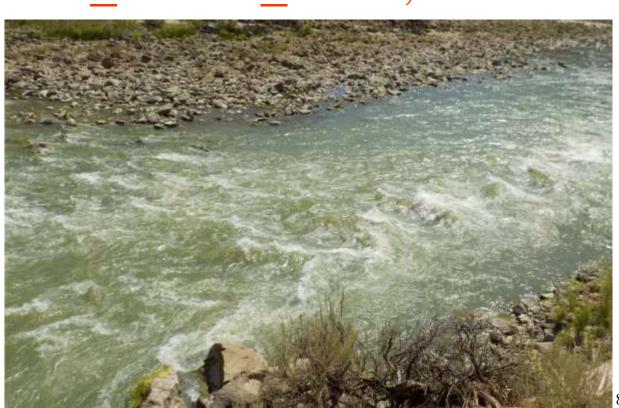




Definitions

CFS: Cubic Feet Per Second, Ft³/Sec











River Lingo







Getting to the water

SAFELY

- Tie center (at racks), front, back.
- Check secureness often while traveling
- Check older/weathered straps for wear and breakage
- Secure loose ends
- Watch the Poudre Paddler Video on Knots







Smith River, Montana

Choosing the waterway

Which River? Which Section(s)?







Water Classifications

Flat water

Riverbend Ponds, Fort Collins, CO





American Whitewater International Scale of River Difficulty I - VI

Class I, Moving Water

Easy small waves (if any), little to no maneuvering or obstructions. Risk to swimmers is slight. Self-rescue is easy.



N. Platte, Glendo-to-Guernsey Run (Most of it is Class I)







Class II
Moving
Water

N. Platte, Glendo-to-Guernsey Run, 'The Wave Train'

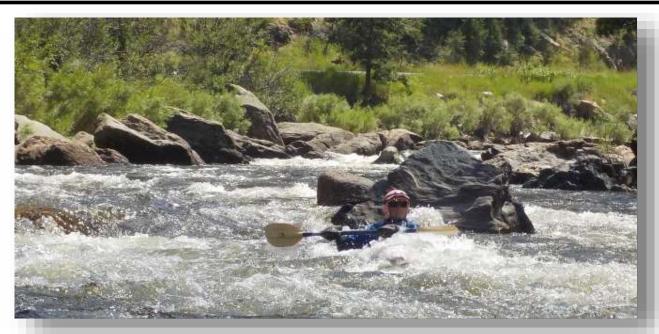
Straightforward rapids, wide channels, increased water speed, occasional maneuvering, obstacles & waves easily missed by trained paddlers.

What Can Affect Classification:

- Low vs. High Flows
- Low Water Temperatures
- Remoteness







"Bridges" section of the Poudre River

Class III and Up Moving Water,

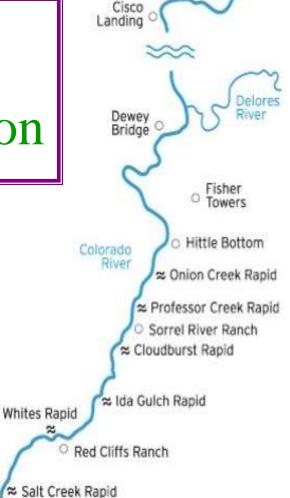
Take a Swiftwater Rescue Class

Irregular waves can be difficult to avoid, make complex maneuvers in fast current, good boat control in tight passages or around ledges. Strong eddies...



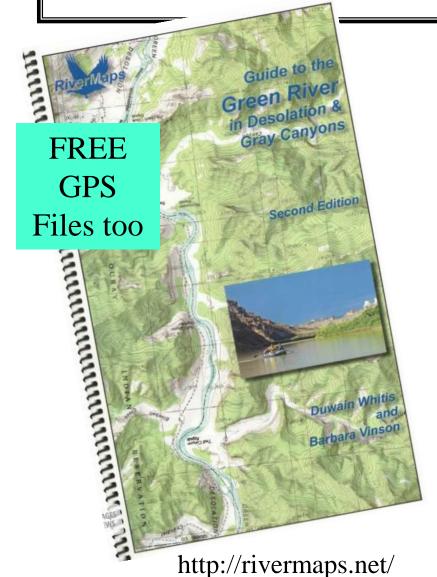












- Local Paddling Clubs
- Guide Books / Maps
- Local Outfitters
- Magazines
- Apps, i.e., AWW



- Mountainbuzz.com
- Facebook Groups
- YouTube

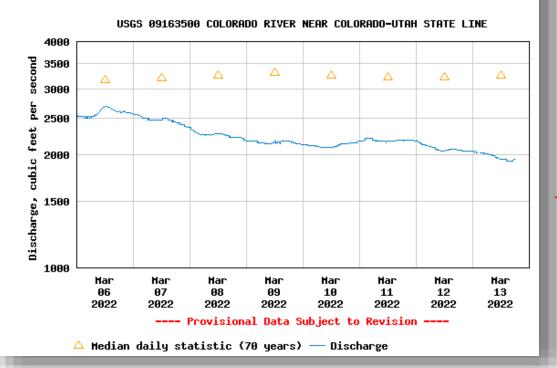




USGS 09163500 COLORADO RIVER NEAR COLORADO-UTAH STATE LINE

Discharge, cubic feet per second

Most recent instantaneous value: 1940 03-13-2022 17:45 MDT



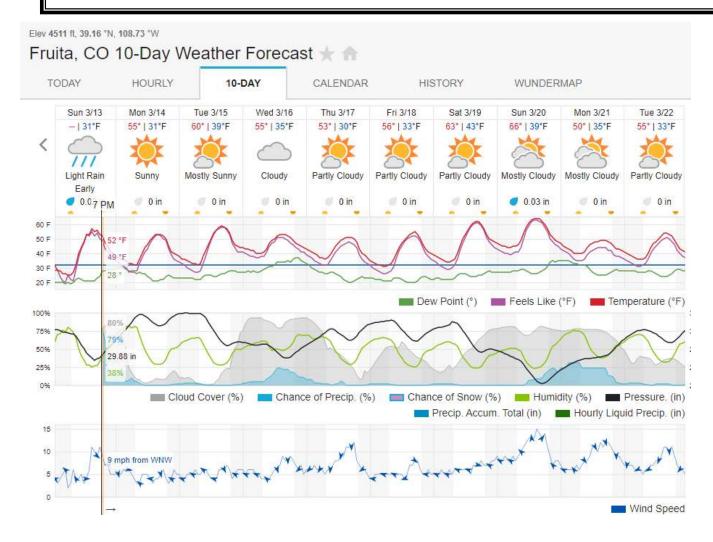
Flow Gauges for recent & historic information

Water temperature is often available too.

Waterdata.usgs.gov, dwr.state.co.us, etc.







Weather Forecast







Questions?





Selecting the right gear



Do you have *G.A.S.*?

Gear Acquisition Syndrome!





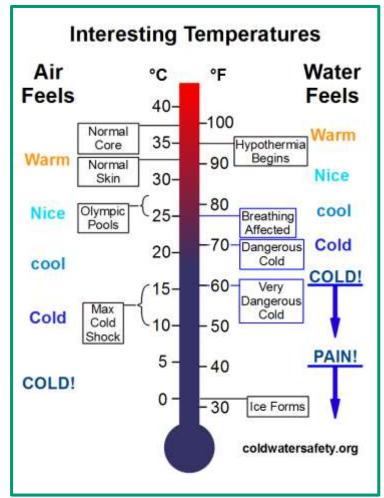


Treat any
water
temperature
below 70F
with caution.

Cold Water Shock:

- Sudden immersion in water 60F or below.
- Gasp Reflex
- Muscle Spasms
- Hyperventilation
- Increase in pulse & blood pressure
- Loss of mental acuity

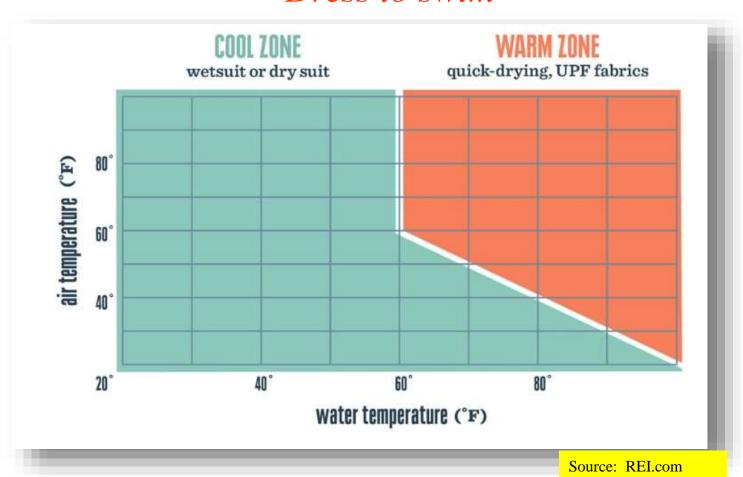
Source: http://coldwatersafety.org
National Center for Cold Water Safety







"Dress to swim"



23





Cold Water/Air Clothing Options

Neoprene (wetsuits)



Dry suits







Spray Tops

& Pants



Layers

- 1. Wicking Base Layer
- 2. Mid Fleece Layer
- 3. Outer
 Water/Windproof
 Layer

Wicking Materials











PFD's





! PFDs all the way On or OFF

- ! When NOT in use, attached to boat or a visible, fixed object
- ! Do not Sit on your PFD

Proper Fit

- **Zipped**
- Clipped
- Snug
- **Nothing** attached to the zipper
- ! USCG Approved
 - Add a <u>River</u> Whistle (Colorado Law)





Helmets





Wear for Class II and above per the American Canoe Association

- 1. Designed for Whitewater
 - NOT a bicycling helmet
- 2. Comfort
- 3. Strap Adjustment for snug fit





Footwear

- Terrain
- Temperature
- Closed Toe







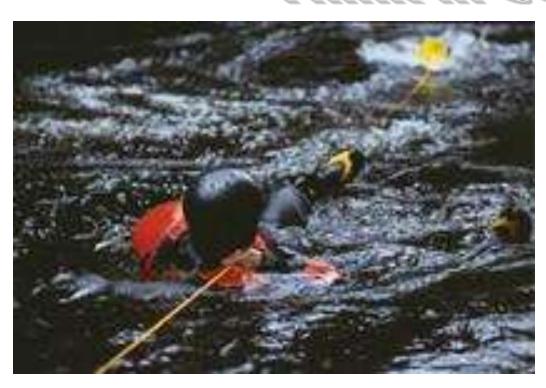








-Think in Golor



- Clothing
- •PFD
- Helmet
- Paddle
- Boat





Questions?





Boat Gear for Safety & Rescue

- Spare Paddle/Oar
- Bailer
- Painters (Ropes on ends of the boat)
- Straps and/or Carabiners
- Throw Rope
- 1st Aid Kit
- Flotation (kayaks too!)
- Boat Retrieval 'Un-Pin' kit
- Spare Clothes, Shoes in dry bag
- Name & Address Identification (CPW)
- Waterway Regulation Gear Requirements

Attach **GEAR** only

DO NOT attach your kid, dog or any breathing being!

WEAR YOUR PFD!





Choosing Paddling Partners and Roles

- Trip Host / Coordinator vs. Leader / Guide
- # of Participants
- Experience / Equipment Requirements
- Individual Responsibilities
- Group Responsibilities
- Waterway Regulations (# people, gear, etc.)

See: https://rockymountaincanoeclub.net/trip-organization/





Whistle Signals



One LONG Blast = Take Notice!

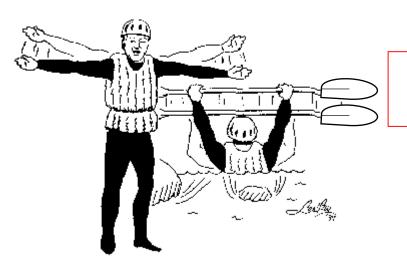
Three LONG Blasts = Emergency

Whistle signals shall be passed up/down the line so all are aware





River Signals



STOP!

Find a safe place to quickly eddy-out.

REPEAT ALL signals on to those behind or ahead of you!

*Combine whistle and hand/paddle signals to get attention.





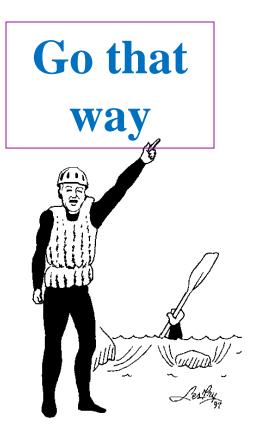


Center

POINT POSITIVE

Never point at obstacle!

Repeat all signals on to those behind or ahead of you!







HELP!



Are you OK?

Yes, I'm OK







Scouting

When in doubt...Scout!



https://www.voyageurtripper.com/beginners-guide-scouting-rapids/

- Scout Rapids, Obstructions, Blind Corners...
- Carry a paddle and/or throw bag on scout
- Scouting hazards
 - Snakes/wildlife
 - Poison Ivy
 - Terrain



Learn to Read the River

W.O.R.M.S. = Water, Obstacles, Routes, Markers, Safety

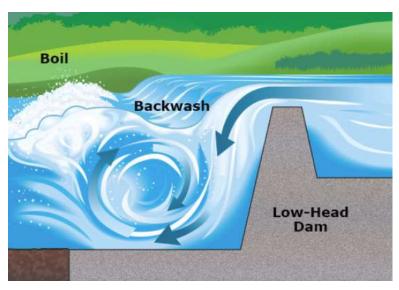




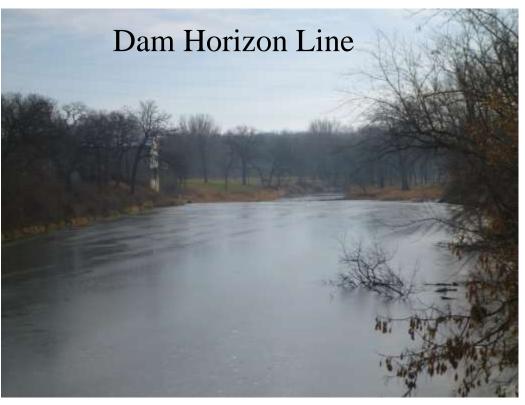
Low Head Dams – Scout & Portage!

Video: Low Head

Dams: Hidden Dangers



http://www.boat-ed.com/images/drawings/lowhead_dam.jpg







Strainers and other obstructions

Scout and Portage!

Take paddling classes!





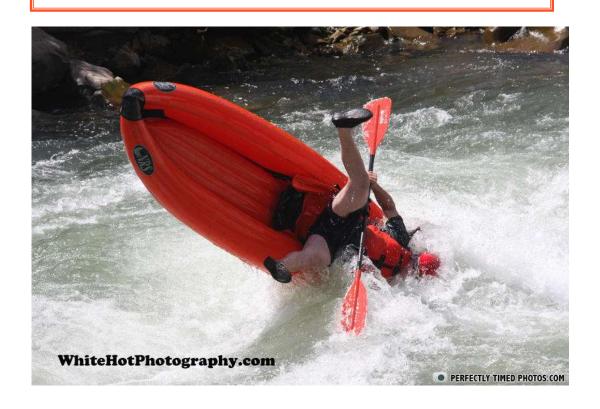


Questions?





SELF-RESCUE



It happens...

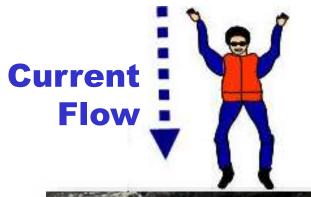
On all types of water

Whether you're experienced or not.



Flow







- Basic Safe "Defensive Swimming Position"
- Look Around and Ahead
- Time your breathing
- Stay Upstream of your boat
- Hold on to your paddle (or toss into eddy)

 Current





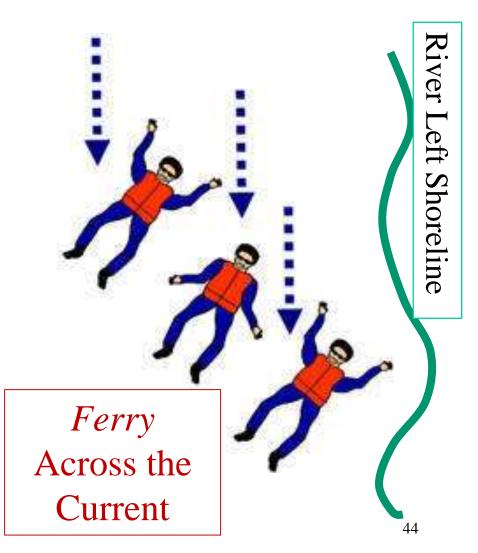






Get yourself to safety

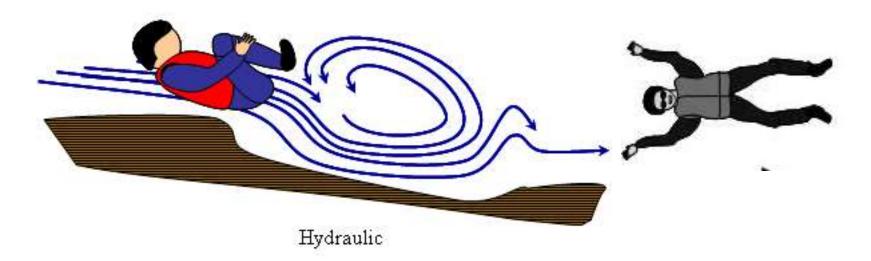
- Ferry Position
- Back Stroke
- Aggressive Swim to a safe place
- "Barrel roll" across an eddy line
- Get all the way out of the water







- Drops Form a Ball
- Holes Drop in a ball, then change your shape to get flushed out.







Walk Facing UPSTREAM!



Do Not walk facing downstream in moving water above your knees!









ASSISTED Rescue









Extension Rescue





Hand, Paddle, Branch, etc.











Throw Bags





Length and Diameter determine bag size

Floatable Rope - Polypropylene

Regulation Example: Desolation/Gray Canyon Regulation: Each boat 16-feet or longer must have a type IV throw able device or a <u>commercially</u> made rescue rope with at least 40 feet of line, and a whistle or horn





Throw Rope Form - Rescuer

Loops/Knots

Location Characteristics

Stance / Anchor

How to grip bag



Whistle / Yell

Eye Contact





Throw Rope Form – Rescuer, cont.



- Throw Across Victim
- Have someone hold the back of your PFD
- Wrap around a tree or rock for stability





Throw Rope Form - Swimmer

Defensive Swim Position

Eye Contact

Aggressively swim to rope if necessary



Rope over Outside/Away-From-Shore shoulder











Paddle & Wedge Rescues

Leader
Anchors a
paddle

Form a Wedge

Creates an eddy







Paddle & Wedge Rescues

Paddle lean and

Multi-Person













Continuing Education

- More classes Swiftwater Rescue
- Videos, Magazines
- River Reading



- Apps, i.e., R3 Rescue for River Runners
- PRACTICE, PRACTICE, PRACTICE





Great Safety Resources!

www.americanwhitewater.org

www.americancanoe.org

www.paddling.com

www.rescueforriverrunners.com

Manufacturer Websites, i.e.,

- NRS
- Aquabound
- Kokotat
- REI

Paddling Club websites recommend local SWR classes





Questions?

Thank you!!